

Science Assessment Policy

The end-of-term assessment for Science will be structured to align with the SAT requirements and GL Assessment domains, ensuring that students are tested on the essential scientific concepts needed for success in standardized tests. The assessment will provide a comprehensive evaluation of students' scientific reasoning and their ability to apply knowledge to analyze and solve real-world scientific problems.

KS1			
	Part 1	Part 2	Part 3
Skills / Domain	Knowing	Reasoning	Applying
Marks	16 marks	12 marks	12 marks
Weighting factor	40%	30%	30%
Weighting factor (benchmark with SATs)	42% 58%		8%
Duration	60 minutes		

KS2				
	Part 1	Part 2	Part 3	
Skills / Domain	Knowing	Reasoning	Applying	
Marks	16 marks	12 marks	12 marks	
Weighting factor	40%	30%	30%	
Weighting factor (benchmark with SATs)	42% 58%			
Duration 60 minutes				
Knowing (Physics / Chemistry / Biology skills) to benchmark with GL or Alternative				

KS3				
Part 1	Part 2	Part 3		
Knowing	Reasoning	Applying		
16 marks	12 marks	12 marks		
40%	30%	30%		
60% 40%				
60 minutes				
	Part 1 Knowing 16 marks 40%	Part 1 Part 2 Knowing Reasoning 16 marks 12 marks 40% 30% 60% 40		



Guidelines

- 1) question paper
- 2) Marking Scheme Exam must follow UK Standard exam (SATs)

Paper 1



Instructions

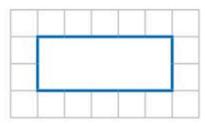
You must not use a calculator to answer any questions in this test.

Questions and answers

You have 30 minutes to complete this test.

Work as quickly and as carefully as you can.

Put your answer in the box for each question.



All answers should be given as a single value.

For questions expressed as common fractions or mixed numbers, you should give your answer as a common fraction, a mixed number or a whole number as appropriate.

If you cannot do a question, go on to the next one.

You can come back to it later, if you have time.

If you finish before the end, go back and check your work.

Marks

The number under each box at the side of the page tells you the number of marks available for each question.

In this test, long division and long multiplication questions are worth **2 marks each**. You will be awarded **2** marks for a correct answer. You may get **1** mark for showing a formal method.

All other questions are worth 1 mark each.



Marking Scheme:

- a) Structure of the test (Knowing: chemistry/ biology / Physics)
- b) Content domain coverage



Example:

Table 1: Content domain coverage of the 2022 key stage 2 mathematics test

Where 2 or more references are given, the primary reference is given first.

Paper 1: arithmetic		
Qu.	Content domain reference	
1	4C2	
2	4C6b	
3	3N2b	
4	4C6b	
5	3C1	
6	4F8/5F10	
7	4C6b	
8	4C6b	
9	4C2	
10	5C6b	
11	4C6b	
12	4C6b	
13	4C6b	
14	5C2	
15	4C7	
16	6F9a	
17	6C7b	
18	6F4	
19	6C7a	
20	6F9a	
21	6F4	
22	5F5	
23	5F8/5F10	
24	6F5b	
25	6F4	
26	5F8/5F10	
27	6R2	
28	6R2	
29	6C7b	
30	6R2	
31	6F4	
32	6F4	
33	6C7a	
34 6F4		
35	6C9	
36	5F5	

Paper 2: reasoning		
Qu.	Content domain reference	
1	6N2	
2	3C8/3C6	
3	5N3a/5C1	
4a	4N2a/4N4b	
4b	4N2a/4N4b	
5	5C6b/5M5	
6	4F10b/5M9d	
7	4F4	
8	5F2a	
9	3S1	
10	4M9/4F10b	
11	6F2	
12	5M5/3M1b	
13	6S1	
14	6C7b/6C8	
15	4C6b/3N2a	
16	5F7	
17	5C8a	
18	5C4	
19	6G5/5G4b	
20	5C7a/6C8	
21a	6A4/6A1	
21b	6A4/6A1	
22	6R1	
23	3 6M9/6M5	
24	6G4a/5G4b	
25	6P2	

Paper 3: reasoning		
Qu.	Content domai reference	
1	5G3b	
2	4C6c/3C6	
3	3M9a	
4	4F6a/4F6b	
5	3C4/3C2	
6a	5N5/4S2	
6b	5N5/4S2	
7	5C4	
8	4N4b	
9	5C6b	
10	5M9a/6A4	
11	5C8a	
12a	5C8b	
12b	5C8b	
13	5F4	
14	6A2/5M9a	
15a	5G4b	
15b	3G4b	
16	5F2b	
17	5M9a/5F5	
18	6R2	
19	5C5b/5C5d	
20	6S3/6C8/5N4	
21	6P3/5M9b	

Question

Objective code



C) General marking principles (Must be included in all marking scheme)

Marking

The number of marks available for each part of a question, and the maximum number of marks for the question as a whole, are shown on the question paper. Every part of a question which has been attempted by a pupil will be marked and the mark for each part recorded in the mark box alongside that part. Half marks will not be given in any question.

Marking misspellings of words

If a pupil misspells a word, markers will apply the following procedures:

■ if it is clear that the pupil has made a simple error, eg 'tow' for 'two' or 'Son' for

'Sun', then the incorrect spelling will be accepted and the mark awarded

■ if a pupil misspells a word copied from the text of the question or from a selection

given, and the new word does not have any inappropriate meaning, the incorrect spelling will be accepted and the mark awarded

■ if specific scientific vocabulary is required in the answer, a misspelling must, in

order to be creditworthy, be a phonetic equivalent of the required word, with the major syllables of the correct word represented in the answer.



Marking questions containing calculations

Some questions require pupils to perform calculations. Where two marks are available, they are advised to show their working. Pupils who do not show their working but give the correct answer will be awarded full marks. The result of one calculation may be required in order to carry out further

calculations. In such instances:

the term 'consequential marking' appears in the

Additional guidance

- a pupil's result for the first calculation is treated as the starting point for the second
- the pupil is awarded full credit for the second calculation if it is carried out correctly, even if the result of the first calculation was wrong.

Marking answers given in the wrong place

In some cases, pupils may write correct answers in the wrong part of the question. Markers will use professional judgement to decide whether a pupil has correctly understood the question and simply written the answer in the wrong place. Similarly, if pupils identify an answer by a cross or other indication when a tick is required, they will be given credit for their responses.

C) Marking Scheme (following table below)

Questions (objectives Code)	Mark	Answer		Additional guidance
			Can be filled by planner	
			experience and during	

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	moderation	

Example:

Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance
1	* A and C		answers may be in either order
	any one from * grass has germinated or grown * seeds did not germinate or grow in B	accept 'A and C have hair' accept 'something has grown in A and C' accept 'they have hair' accept 'they have longer or more grass' accept 'B has no hair'	both the letters and the reason are required for the mark 'A and C are the same' is insufficient 'seeds need water to grow' is insufficient
1	any one from * it would have longer grass * the grass would have grown more	accept 'it had more grass or more hair' accept 'it grew more or faster' accept 'it would have grown less because it was over-watered'	'it would be greener' is insufficient 'it would be healthier' is insufficient

Document	Science Detailed Assessment Plan
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Date Reviewed	February 2025
Next Review	August 2026
Version	Working Document